

Northern Midlands

Plant *Species* List



This plant species list is a sample of species that occur in your municipality and are relatively easy to grow or to purchase from a native plant nursery. Some of the more common plants are listed, as well as uncommon species that have a limited distribution and only occur in your area.

However, many more species could be included on the list. Observing your local bush is a good way to get an idea of what else may be grown in your area and is suited to your property. To help choose the right plants for your site, you will find information on plants suitable for different soil types, vegetation communities and uses, including species safe to plant below power lines.

An extensive listing of suitable species can be found on the NRM North and Understorey Network websites.

Northern
Midlands
Plant *Species* List

Standard
Name

Common
Name

Endemic

Vegetation Community

Soil Type

Uses

Grow
from

- Coastal Vegetation
- Rainforest
- Wet Eucalypt Forest
- Dry Eucalypt Forest and Woodland
- Grassy Vegetation
- Heath
- Sedgeland and Wetland
- Riparian
- Montane Vegetation
- Well drained soil
- Poorly drained soil
- Sandy soil
- Loamy soil
- Clay soil
- Poor soil
- Fertile soil
- Low flammability
- Erosion control
- Shelter belts
- Bush tucker
- Salinity control
- Suitable below power lines
- Easy to propagate from seed
- Easy to propagate from cuttings
- Easy to propagate by division

Trees

<i>Acacia mearnsii</i>	black wattle					•	•					•	•		•		•	•			•	•			•			
<i>Acacia melanoxylon</i>	blackwood		•	•	•	•				•		•	•		•		•			•					•			
<i>Acacia verticillata</i>	prickly moses		•		•	•		•				•		•			•			•					•			
<i>Allocasuarina verticillata</i>	drooping sheoak		•			•						•		•	•		•	•		•					•			
<i>Bursaria spinosa</i>	prickly box					•						•		•	•	•	•	•		•					•			
<i>Callitris rhomboidea</i>	oyster bay pine		•			•		•				•		•	•			•		•					•			
<i>Eucalyptus amygdalina</i>	black peppermint	•	•			•	•	•				•		•	•	•	•	•							•			
<i>Eucalyptus globulus</i>	tasmanian blue gum		•		•	•						•	•	•	•	•	•	•							•			
<i>Eucalyptus ovata</i>	black gum		•		•	•		•				•	•	•	•	•	•	•							•			
<i>Eucalyptus sieberi</i>	ironbark				•							•			•		•								•			
<i>Eucalyptus viminalis</i>	white gum				•	•				•		•		•	•	•	•	•							•			

Shrubs

<i>Acacia genistifolia</i>	spreading wattle				•	•				•			•	•	•				•			•	•				
<i>Acacia terminalis</i>	sunshine wattle				•					•		•	•	•	•				•			•	•				
<i>Allocasuarina littoralis</i>	black sheoak		•		•					•		•	•	•	•				•			•	•				
<i>Aotus ericoides</i>	golden pea		•		•	•				•		•			•				•			•	•				
<i>Banksia marginata</i>	silver banksia		•		•	•	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•					•			
<i>Bedfordia salicina</i>	tasmanian blanketleaf	•	•		•	•				•		•	•		•	•							•	•			
<i>Beyeria viscosa</i>	pinkwood				•				•	•			•												•		
<i>Callistemon pallidus</i>	lemon bottlebrush				•				•	•	•		•	•	•	•							•	•			
<i>Cassinia aculeata</i>	dollybush				•	•			•	•			•	•	•				•				•	•			
<i>Correa reflexa</i>	common correa		•				•			•		•	•	•	•	•	•						•		•		
<i>Dodonaea filiformis</i>	fineleaf hopbush	•							•	•			•		•								•	•			
<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i>	broadleaf hopbush		•		•					•		•			•				•					•			
<i>Hakea epiglottis</i>	beaked needlebush	•	•				•	•		•	•	•		•	•	•			•				•	•			
<i>Hakea megadenia</i>	autumn needlebush	•	•		•					•			•	•	•				•					•			
<i>Leptospermum lanigerum</i>	woolly teatree		•		•				•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•		•			•			

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Vegetation Community

Soil Type

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Coastal Vegetation	Rainforest	Wet Eucalypt Forest	Dry Eucalypt Forest and Woodland	Grassy Vegetation	Heath	Sedgeland and Wetland	Riparian	Montane Vegetation	Well drained soil	Poorly drained soil	Sandy soil	Loamy soil	Clay soil	Poor soil	Fertile soil	Low flammability	Erosion control	Shelter belts	Bush tucker	Salinity control	Suitable below power lines	Easy to propagate from seed	Easy to propagate from cuttings	Easy to propagate by division
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<i>Leptospermum scoparium</i>	common teatree		•			•		•				•	•	•	•	•	•		•			•		
<i>Melaleuca gibbosa</i>	slender honeymyrtle		•				•					•	•	•	•		•				•	•		
<i>Olearia pinifolia</i>	prickly daisybush	•							•	•											•	•		
<i>Olearia ramulosa</i>	twiggy daisybush		•				•			•		•	•			•					•	•		
<i>Ozothamnus obcordatus</i>	yellow everlastingbush				•					•											•	•		
<i>Pomaderris racemosa</i>	slender dogwood							•		•		•			•						•	•	•	
<i>Pultenaea daphnoides</i>	heartleaf bushpea		•			•				•			•					•			•	•		
<i>Solanum laciniatum</i>	kangaroo apple			•	•				•	•		•			•				•		•	•		

Herbs *and* Groundcovers

<i>Acaena novae-zelandiae</i>	common buzzy						•	•	•			•	•	•		•	•	•					•	•		•
<i>Chrysocephalum apiculatum</i>	common everlasting					•						•		•	•	•		•					•	•		
<i>Dichondra repens</i>	kidneyweed					•	•					•	•	•	•	•	•	•					•		•	
<i>Einadia nutans</i>	climbing saltbush		•			•			•			•	•	•	•	•	•						•	•		•
<i>Gompholobium huegelii</i>	common wedgepea					•		•				•		•	•		•						•	•		
<i>Hibbertia procumbens</i>	spreading guineaflower					•		•				•		•			•						•		•	
<i>Pelargonium australe</i>	southern storksbill					•						•											•	•		•

Grasses, Lillies, Sedges

<i>Austrodanthonia caespitosa</i>	common wallaby-grass				•	•				•			•	•	•		•				•	•		
<i>Carex gaudichaudiana</i>	fen sedge							•	•		•										•	•		
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	spreading flax-lily		•		•	•	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•					•	•		
<i>Diplarrena moraea</i>	white flag-iris		•		•		•			•		•	•	•	•	•					•	•		
<i>Juncus pallidus</i>	pale rush							•	•		•	•	•	•	•					•	•	•		•
<i>Lomandra longifolia</i>	sagg		•		•	•	•			•		•	•		•	•					•	•		
<i>Poa labillardierei</i>	silver tussockgrass		•		•	•	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•			•	•		•
<i>Themeda triandra</i>	kangaroo grass					•			•	•		•	•	•			•				•	•		•

Note: However well intended, planting threatened species is potentially problematic. Due to risks of genetic contamination, limited availability of provenance plants and to discourage collection from native occurrences without a permit, threatened species were deliberately not included in these plant lists.

For more information contact:

NRM North
03 6333 7777
www.nrmnorth.org.au

or

The Understorey Network
03 6234 4286
www.understorey-network.org.au

There are many good reasons for planting local native plant species:

Native plants occurring naturally in an area are adapted to survive and thrive in local environmental conditions, so you are more likely to have a successful planting site by choosing local species. By planting locally sourced species, you are helping to preserve any natural variability within that species. Planting local species also assists with providing habitat for birds, insects and mammals in your area.

Plants can be obtained from a native plant nursery or you may like to collect your own seed and to grow them yourself. The Understorey Network can assist you with advice on how to propagate native seeds. It's cheap (no hothouses or shadehouses are required) and surprisingly easy!



Plant Species List



Tasmania
Explore the possibilities



Australian Government

Illustrations: Dr. Annick D. Ansellin Graphic Design: Julia Dineen Printed on 100% recycled paper.
Data sources: DPIW (2007). *Native Vascular Plant Records for Tasmania*. Unpublished data provided on CD by Natural Values Atlas 30/03/2007.
Understorey Network online plant database: <http://www.understorey-network.org.au/plant-database.html>



The compilation and design of these plant lists have been initiated by a partnership with NRM South.